

SUGGESTED
READING FOR
ANCIENT SEA PEOPLES
HYPOTHESIS
SEPT. 2010

ANCIENT SEA CULTURE

Why is it important for historians of early American history to think about the possibilities of an ancient sea culture?

A hypothesis is that there was an ancient sea culture that existed, when the land cultures of Asia, Asia Minor and Europe were developing warfare to control land. Sea cultures lived by different principles than the land culture. But the histories of the world have been written by people from land cultures. The European justification for the invasion of America was the “Right of [first] Discovery.” This mind set by the people who wrote the histories of Europe could, and did, not allow any knowledge of prior voyages.

But the people of America may have been descendents of the sea culture, which was based on oral communications, freedom of movement, and strong sustaining Principles that included the Ten Commandments and the teachings of Christ.

Privacy (secrecy) was one of the sea people’s strongest principles. Thus, the knowledge of the “other side,” may have died when the land based histories denied contact with the other side before the “first discovery.”

Sea voyages to America had been a continual process for at least 4,200 years.

Communications between America and Europe and Asia were only a matter of months.

The Ten Commandments and Christ’s messages were incorporated into the American cultures.

Religion among the Americans was taught by the parents and enforced by the villagers of the youth. The source of religious information was validated oral transmission via sea people traders.

Most modern Americans believe their ancestors were more faithful to the Ten Commandments and Christ’s teachings than most EurAmericans.

Thus the conquering of the American people may be best understood from the view point that the Americans lived the Ten Commandments and were more faithful in following Christ’s teachings than were the European invaders, who had the guns, germs, and steel. The invaders lusted for land so much that they were willing to use their warfare capabilities to kill millions of people to conquer two continents.

The world of the past may have ended and begun again when a debris front of a Supernova hit the Northern hemisphere 13,000 years ago.

The Cycle of Cosmic Catastrophes
Firestone; West; Warwick-Smith

http://www.amazon.com/s/ref=nb_sb_noss?url=search-alias%3Dstripbooks&field-keywords=Cycle+of+cosmic+Cathasrophe&x=-219&y=-6

Hancock thought so before Firestone et. al. defined the catastrophe. He wrote that sea people came to Egypt to build massive structures to warn future mankind.

Finger Prints of the Gods
Hancock, Graham

http://www.amazon.com/s/ref=nb_sb_noss?url=search-alias%3Dstripbooks&field-keywords=fingerprints+of+the+goodst&x=-226&y=-5

Schoch thought so. He did not define the catastrophe, but he did detail the voyages that spread pyramids around the world.

Voyages of the Pyramid Builders: The True Origins of the Pyramids from Lost Egypt to Ancient America; Robert M. Schoch,

http://www.amazon.com/s/ref=nb_sb_noss?url=search-alias%3Dstripbooks&field-keywords=Voyages+of+the+pyramid+builders&x=-226&y=1

The Nile Mosaic of Palestrina (Italy) defines three epochs. In the first, perhaps right after the supernova catastrophe is a large boat with a birds head on the prow. The boat appears to be carrying copper. Copper trade from America has been documented to 4,200 years ago. The boat also carries corn plants, which may signify that the boat is coming from America

<http://www.mlahanas.de/Greeks/LX/NileMosaicOfPalestrina.html>

In the second epoch, perhaps after a chaotic episode about 3200 years ago, the wall of China can be seen on the left. A ship sails from a land dominated by massive buildings to China. The beginnings of Agriculture are shown by two people in front of the structures.

The last epoch, perhaps after 2,200 years ago, is dominated by massive a massive building similar to Balbeck and men engaged in warfare. In the water below the massive building are two birch bark canoes, a boat that looks like a Viking ship is in the lower right. A sailing ship, perhaps a cargo and very important person ship is above. These water craft may depict the sea culture.

Hapgood and his students studied old maps and came to a startling conclusion. Accurate ancient maps of the world existed!

Maps of the Ancient Sea Kings: Evidence of Advanced Civilization in the Ice Age
Charles H. Hapgood.

http://www.amazon.com/s/ref=nb_sb_noss?url=search-alias%3Dstripbooks&field-keywords=Maps+of+Ancient+Sea+Kings&x=-225&y=-6

Reinoud M. de Jonge and Jay Stuart Wakefield studied the stone maps of the ancient sea peoples which provide directions and history as the sea peoples tried to regain the navigational skills lost by some catastrophe that occurred before 4500 years ago.

How the Sun God reached America c. 2500 BC. Reinoud M. de Jonge and Jay Stuart Wakefield,

<http://www.howthesungod.com/>

Cunliffe thought there was a sea culture at a time before the Nile Mosaic was made. He showed a map that indicated the shores of the Mediterranean and Western Europe has a common language supported by a sea people.

The Celts: A Very Short Introduction.

Barry Cunliffe

http://www.amazon.com/s/ref=nb_sb_noss?url=search-alias%3Dstripbooks&field-keywords=Celts;+A+very+short+introduction&x=-219&y=-10

Sherwin provided over 15,000 comparisons to provide strong evidence that the Algonquin Indian Language was similar to Old Norse. Thus, he extended Cunliffe's hypothesis to North America.

The Viking and the Red Man, Volumes one through eight, The Old Norse Origin of the Algonquin Language. Reider T. Sherwin

http://www.amazon.com/s/ref=nb_sb_noss?url=search-alias%3Dstripbooks&field-keywords=Viking+and+the+Red+man&x=-227&y=-6

The sea people may have developed a complex form of oral communication that enabled a receiver of an oral message transmitted through several carriers to be sure the message was what the sender had intended to say. Stanza written in existing format, the Drottakvaett, can be traced to the ninth century. Scholars believe that the Drottakvaett had a long period of development.

http://books.google.com/books?id=HYgYFLkt8kkC&printsec=frontcover&dq=dr%C3%B3ttkv%C3%A6tt&source=bl&ots=mLrEI6JPNM&sig=2Qfxz6w2pE28frBYjUtZlvao_z4&hl=en&ei=eVaqTKq9LluisAOd_snVAw&sa=X&oi=book_result&ct=result&resnum=3&ved=0CB4Q6AEwAg#v=onepage&q&f=false

SUMMARY: An ancient sea culture with a proven method of valid communication, similar to the Internet, might have been able to sustain a common trading language on the shores of the Mediterranean, the Atlantic and throughout the Mississippi drainage. People on all continents may have exchanged concepts via the sea people's trade.